SEX TRAFFICKING IN HAWAI'I PART III

SEX TRAFFICKING EXPERIENCES ACROSS HAWAI'I

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MAUI

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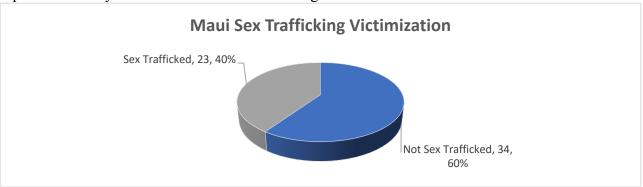
Sex Trafficking on Maui

This is the third study in a series of research studies exploring sex trafficking in Hawai'i. The first study conducted in 2018 explored the scope of the online sex buyer market. The online buyer market was found to be robust with many thousands of sex buyers looking for sex online every day in Hawai'i. The second study was completed in 2019 and explored the stories of 22 female sex trafficking survivors who were sex trafficked in Hawai'i. The victims were from Oahu and Hawai'i Island and were 77.3 percent Native Hawaiian. The survivors' stories included their recruitment experiences, their violent victimizations by their families, traffickers, and customers, and the involvement of systems including law enforcement, medical services, and schools that did not identify or respond to their victimization.

This study aims to build on the first two studies with a large scale survey (the Youth Experiences Survey (YES) Hawai'i) of sex trafficking experiences among clients at a large social service agency in Hawai'i. During three months in 2019, 363 individuals on five Hawaiian Islands completed an eight page paper and pencil survey about their childhood and adult experiences including their sex trafficking victimization.

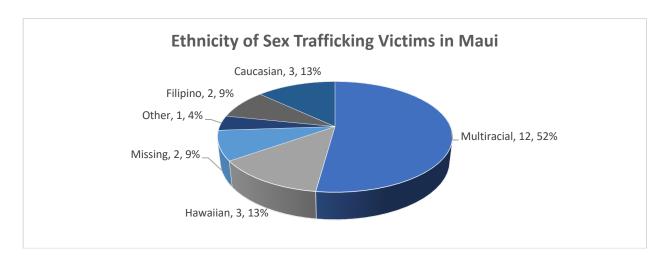
Maui

Of the full sample from five Hawaiian Islands (N = 363), 57 (15.7%) participants from Maui completed the eight page YES Hawai'i Survey. Of the 57 participants, 23 (40.4%) reported that they were a victim of sex trafficking.



Demographics:

- The sex trafficking victims on Maui identified as 73.9% (n =17) female and 26.1% (n =6) male.
- Forty-eight percent (n = 11) of the 23 sex trafficking victims on Maui identified as some Native Hawaiian.



• Seventy four percent (n = 17) of the sex trafficking victims on Maui identified as heterosexual and seventeen percent (n = 4) as LGBTQ.

Sex Trafficking Specific Information

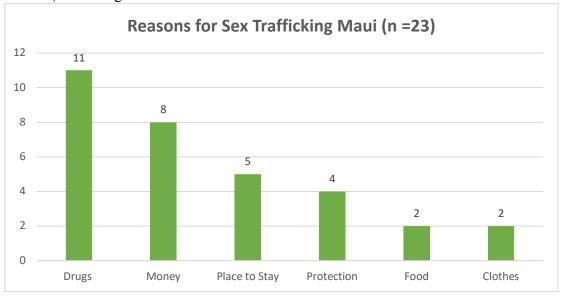
• *Age of Victimization*

The age of first sex trafficking of victims in Maui ranged from age 6 to 50 years old with an average of 22.1 years old.

Seven (30.4%) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui were children (under age 18) when they were first sex trafficked. Of those sex trafficked as children, the average age was 11.7 years old (ranging from age 6 to 17 years old). One of the child sex trafficking victims was male and six were female.

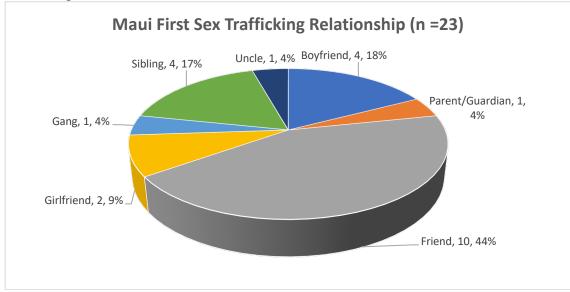
Reasons for Sex Trafficking

The sex trafficking victims identified as being forced to exchange sex for a reason (or reasons) including:



Sex Traffickers

In 100% of the sex trafficking cases in Maui, a sex trafficker was reported. The sex trafficking victims identified their first sex trafficker as:



Twenty-six percent (n = 6) of the sex trafficking victims identified a family member as a sex trafficker. These included four siblings (including a step brother), a parent, and an uncle.

Sex Trafficking Experiences

- Five (21.7%) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui reported that they were forced to use drugs by their sex trafficker.
- Three (13%) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui were afraid to leave the sex trafficking situation because of a fear of violence or other threats of harm to them or their family.
- Eight (34.8%) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui reported that they had a family member who had also experienced sex trafficking.
- Thirty-five percent (n =8) reported that technology was used in their sex trafficking situation.

Current Situation

- For forty-eight percent (n =11) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui, their current housing situation was precarious (shelter, couch surfing, transitional housing, hotel, foster/group home, and streets).
- \circ Seventy-four percent (n = 17) have children.
- Six (26.1%) of the sex trafficking victims are currently involved with the Hawai'i Child Welfare System.
- Three (13%) of the sex trafficking victims reported that their children did not live with them- their children are in foster care. Nine (39.1%) reported their children live with their family.

- As adults, 56.5 percent (n = 13) of the sex trafficking victims reported being victims of domestic violence.
- Eight (34.8%) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui reported that they had experienced negative contact with law enforcement.

Lifetime Experiences of the Sex Trafficking Victims

- Housing and Homelessness
- Sixty-five percent (n = 15) of the sex trafficking victims on Maui reported that they had also experienced homelessness.
 - ⇒ Their average age of first homelessness was between ages 5 and 51 (average of 25.6 years old).
 - ⇒ They reported an average of 2.4 homelessness experiences.

• Childhood Experiences

- Thirty-nine percent (n =9) of the sex trafficking victims in Maui reported having a parent in prison.
- The sex trafficking victims reported an average of 4.1 adverse childhood experiences on the ACE survey.
- Forty-four percent (n = 10) reported having observed domestic violence in their homes as children. Thirty-five percent (n = 8) saw their father hit their mother, thirteen percent (n = 3) saw their mother hit their father.
- Forty-four percent (n =10) of the sex trafficking victims reported experiencing childhood emotional abuse.
- Twenty-six percent (n =6) of the sex trafficking victims reported experiencing physical abuse as a child.
- o Nine (39.1%) of the sex trafficking victims reported that they had been placed in residential treatment as a youth.

Sexual Abuse

- \Rightarrow Sexual abuse before the age of 12 was reported by 34.8 percent (n =8) of the sex trafficking victims.
- \Rightarrow Sexual abuse between the age of 12 to 17 years was reported by 26.1 percent (n = 6) of the sex trafficking victims.
- ⇒ Combining the two reported experiences of sexual abuse, 10 (43.5%) of the sex trafficking victims reported experiencing some sort of sexual abuse.
- Teen dating violence experiences was reported by 48% (n =11) of the sex trafficking victims.

Child Welfare Involvement

⇒ Twenty-two percent (n = 5) of the sex trafficking victims reported having been in foster care.

o Juvenile Delinquency

- ⇒ Twenty-six percent (n =6) of the sex trafficking victims reported that they had been involved in the juvenile justice system (detention/probation).
- \Rightarrow Gang affiliation was identified by 13 percent (n = 3) of the sex trafficking victims.

School issues

• The sex trafficking victims in Maui identified important issues and experiences when they were in school.

School Issue	N = 23 Sex Trafficking Victims	%
Academic difficulties	9	39.1%
Bullied in school	9	39.1%
Special education classes	5	21.7%
Expelled from school	3	18.2%

• Family Issues

o Family issues reported by the sex trafficking victims included being kicked out of the house and living in an unsafe environment.

Family Issue	N = 23 Sex Trafficking	%
	Victims	
Kicked out of the home	5	21.7%
Home was unsafe environment	3	13%
Kicked out due to using drugs	2	8.7%
Family conflict/fighting with parents	0	0%
Family too poor to provide for their needs	0	0%

o Ten (43.5 percent) of the sex trafficking victims reported having run away as a child. Four (57%) of the seven child sex trafficking victims had runaway as a child.

Drug Use

- \circ Eighty-seven percent (n = 20) of the sex trafficking victims reported have used drugs.
- o First drug use was on average, 16.4 years old for the sex trafficking victims.
- o Drug addiction was reported by fourteen (60.9%) of the sex trafficking victims and four (17.4%) sex trafficking victim reported addiction to alcohol.
- o Drug use types by the sex trafficking victims included:
 - Marijuana (n =19, 82.6%)
 - Methamphetamines (n =15, 65.3%)
 - Vaping (n =16, 69.6%)
 - Heroin (n =8, 34.8%)

Eight (34.8%) of the sex trafficking victims reported attending drug treatment.

Mental Health Issues

- Fifteen (65.2%) of the sex trafficking victims reported having a mental health diagnosis, 11 (n =47.8%) reported having more than one mental health diagnosis.
- Mental health diagnoses included:
 - Anxiety (n = 11, 47.8%)
 - Depression (n =9, 39.1%)
 - Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (n = 7, 30.4%)
 - ADD/ADHD (n =5, 21.7%)
 - Bipolar Disorder (n = 2, 8.7%)
 - Schizophrenia (n =2, 8.7%)

Mental Health Challenge	N = 23 Sex Trafficking	%
	Victims	
Self-harm	14	60.9%
Risk taking behaviors	6	26.1%
Excessive alcohol use	5	21.7%
Attempted suicide	10	43.5%
Burning self	4	17.4%

[•] Twelve (52.2%) of the sex trafficking victims on Maui reported receiving treatment for their mental health diagnoses.

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